



PENINSULA SPECIALIST COLLEGE MEALTIME POLICY

Introduction:

This policy provides structure and guidance to ensure safety around students with additional needs during mealtimes. The guideline has been prepared for Peninsula Specialist College by the school Speech Pathology team in collaboration with other relevant disciplines including Occupational Therapy, Physiotherapy and school nurses. This policy is aimed at ensuring safety for students with eating and drinking difficulties as well as a pathway forward for students who require varying levels of support during mealtimes to develop functional skills to enhance mealtime independence where possible.

Purpose:

This guideline reflects what is currently regarded as a safe and appropriate approach to support students with feeding difficulties at Peninsula Specialist College. There may be some factors which cannot be covered by a single set of guidelines. Further, this policy may be used to guide a pathway to support students to develop skills to enhance mealtime independence where possible. This document should be used as a guide to support students but does not replace the need for application of varied Tier 3 support for students with unique or individual presentations.

Feeding difficulties are prevalent in children with developmental delays or chronic illness, estimating 80-90% of this cohort having varying degrees of feeding difficulties (Royal Children's Hospital, 2025). Common types of presentations include but are not limited to access factors, oro-motor challenges, environmental factors, behavioural factors and/or dysphagia.

Examples of types of presentations of Paediatric Feeding Disorders/Difficulties:

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Access factors	 May require assistance in meal preparation and/or set up e.g., opening packaging, using the microwave, food cut up to appropriate and manageable size, support to use utensils Bringing hands to mouth for self feeding 			
Oro-motor challenges	 Retained feeding reflexes e.g., tongue thrust Limited range of tongue movements Limited range of jaw movements Poor lip closure Hypersensitive gag reflex 			
Structural challenges	 Post facial surgery Structural abnormalities e.g., malocclusions 			
Environmental factors	PositioningSeating / Belt -Harness system			



	 Access to communication during mealtimes Sensory responses e.g., noise of mealtimes 	
Behavioural factors	 Sensory responses e.g., taste and texture Sensory food aversions Presence of food in mouth e.g., pockets food in cheeks, overstuffs mouth 	
Dysphagia	 Complex mealtime needs High risk of aspiration and/or choking Full assistance and supervision by trained staff Mealtime plan provided by external speech pathologis or medical professional Training provided by external speech pathologist responsible for writing mealtime plan Specialised equipment provided by families where necessary 	
Nil oral	 PEG Enteral feeding plan provided by medical professionals Full assistance and/or supervision by trained staff or school nurses 	

Peninsula Specialist College follows an indirect intervention approach for paediatric feeding difficulties and dysphagia.

Indirect support may include but is not limited to staff training, bolus modification, specialised equipment and environmental supports and/or adjustments (West, 2024).

Where appropriate or necessary, the multidisciplinary allied health team at Peninsula Specialist College may refer on to relevant medical or allied health professionals for direct interventions or adjustments including:

- Swallowing assessment
- Direct dysphagia interventions
- Oral motor interventions
- Sensory-based interventions
- Systematic desensitization
- Behavioural interventions

Due to the high and varied prevalence of paediatric feeding challenges and difficulties associated with paediatric disability, a tiered approach is followed at Peninsula Specialist College.





Tier 1: All students

At Peninsula specialist college, all students have access to the following supports and/or adjustments to ensure feeding freedom, skill development and participation during mealtimes at school:

- Support to access food e.g., support taking lunchbox from bag
- Support preparing food e.g., cutting up fruit, microwaving meals or using toasters
- Access to communication supports where necessary e.g., access to communication supports to support social connection and language development during mealtimes
- Tier 1 mealtime support checklist (see appendix A).

Tier 2: Some students

Some students may require extra support or supervision while eating and drinking at school to ensure safety and to provide students with opportunities to develop their independent feeding skills. This is provided using a Responsive Feeding Therapy approach. For example:

- Students with structural abnormalities or impacted muscle tone e.g., students with hypotonia may experience increased drooling, students will be offered smocks and bibs and provided with support to ensure cleanliness and dignity
- Students who require adaptive equipment e.g., cutlery
- Students with ARFID (Avoidant/restrictive food intake disorder) have a list of safe foods where necessary
- Liaise with external speech pathologist/ medical professionals
- 1:1 supervision and support may be necessary
- Tier 2 mealtime support routine and advice (see appendix B).

Tier 3: Few students:

Students who require Tier 3 support are students who are at increased risk of aspiration and/or choking due to dysphagia. Students with dysphagia must be supported in the following ways to ensure safety while eating and drinking at school:

- Liaise with external speech pathologist/ medical professionals
- External speech pathologist must provide training to staff to ensure safe mealtime practises at school
- Mealtime plans are provided by external Speech Pathologist or relevant medical professionals
- Mealtime plans should be updated every 12 months by relevant professional, relevant training provided to accommodate any changes
- 1:1 mealtime supervision and support provided to student by trained staff
- Any diet modification instructions are carefully followed. Thickeners are not to be administered at school by Teachers or Education Support staff unless given permission by Speech Pathologist.
- Any changes to student's mealtime plans (via verbal or written parent communication) must be documented on COMPASS with relevant staff tagged





- Mealtime plans must be displayed in the classroom where they can be viewed by all
- Choking First Aid must be displayed in the classroom where they can be viewed by all staff (see appendix C).
- Students who have mealtime plans must also have a Student Health Support Plan (see appendix D) (DET Policy and Advisory Library, 2025).
- Students with oro-motor challenges e.g., tongue thrusting may require supervision to ensure safety while eating and drinking. This may look like encouraging students to chew their foods and clear bolus by offering water

Staff, caregiver(s) and external therapist roles and responsibilities:		
Peninsula Specialist College Principal Team	 Ensure mealtime policy is circulated and available to school community Ensure staff and caregiver(s) understand their roles and responsibilities Ensure and advocate that Tier 3 students receive 1:1 support where necessary 	
Department Leaders	 Responsible for organising roster for Tier 3 students who require 1:1 support Ensure mealtime policy is circulated and available within their department 	
Speech Pathology	 Liaise with external speech pathologists to organise mealtime training where relevant Ensure mealtime plans are up to date (12 months) Work in collaboration with caregivers/ nursing team to complete Student Health Support Plan Indirect interventions/ adjustments Support students to eat and drink during mealtimes where needed Referral where necessary 	
Occupational Therapy	 Sensory assessment and recommendations of adjustments to the environment including provision of sensory tools Sensory assessment of foods to avoid/include Assessment and provision of adaptive cutlery/daily living aids Provision of documented routines detailing the role of the support person and the specific level of participation by the student to ensure consistent capacity building/independence Work in collaboration with caregivers/ nursing team to complete Student Health Support Plan 	
Physiotherapy	 Seating assessment for students with additional mobility requirements. Document seating and positional guidelines for students as 	



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	required. • Work in collaboration with caregivers/ nursing team to complete Student Health Support Plan
Nursing team	 Provide staff with student specific PEG training as required Ongoing assessment of staff competence with PEG feeding Give guidance to staff regarding health related concerns specifically any student that may have choking concerns, safety of consuming oral liquids Student Health Support Plan
Classroom teacher	 Responsible for communicating any changes to Allied Health team Responsible for ensuring up to date mealtime plans are displayed in the classroom where they can be viewed by all staff Responsible for ensuring Choking First Aid is displayed in the classroom where they can be viewed by all staff Responsible for relaying information to Education Support staff regarding student mealtime needs Support students at a Tier 1 level Ensure mealtime plans are read and understood Provide support to Tier 3 students following training In an emergency call nurses on 121
Education support	 Support students at a Tier 1 level Ensure mealtime plans are read and understood Provide support to Tier 3 students following training In an emergency call nurses on 121
Parents/ caregivers	 Advise Peninsula Specialist College of students who are at risk of choking or who have a mealtime plan upon enrolment Contact and advise Peninsula Specialist College should any mealtime concerns or changes arise Provide mealtime plan if relevant and ensure these are up to date each 12 months Ensure external allied health professionals involved in creating and implementing mealtime plans are contactable by school Provide specialised equipment Provide thickeners and clear bolus modification instructions where necessary
External therapists and broader care team	 Liaise with Peninsula Specialist College Wellbeing team where necessary Provide mealtime plans Provide training to ensure mealtime plans are followed and understood.



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Relevant documents:

- Peninsula Specialist College Tier 1 Mealtime support checklist
- Peninsula Specialist College Tier 2 Mealtime support document
- <u>Tier 3: Student Health Support Plan</u>
- Choking First Aid
- Peninsula Specialist College Multi-Tiered System of Support Checklist (TBC)

This policy is due to be reviewed 01/03/2026

Endorsed 20/08/2025 T. Hodsdon: Principal





Definitions:

Dysphagia	Dysphagia is the name used to describe problems with chewing and swallowing. Signs of swallowing difficulties include: Difficulty chewing solid food Food or drinks spilling from the mouth Food or drinks coming out the nose Food or drinks getting stuck in the throat, drooling or dribbling Coughing or choking on food and drink Wet or 'gurgly' sounding voice after eating or drinking Regular unexplained chest infections	
Responsive Feeding Therapy (RFT)	Through a student centered approach, acknowledges not all students have the same end point and that mealtime independence looks different for everyone.	
Pediatric Feeding Disorder (PFD)	Any difficulty a child may have with oral intake	
Avoidant/restricti ve food intake disorder (ARFID)	AFRID is a multifaceted eating disorder and neurodivergence. AFRID is characterised by severe food avoidance or restriction. It can originate from sensory processing differences (low threshold to taste/smell input, reduced interoceptive awareness) and anxiety or fear around food and/or eating (e.g. choking).	
Oro-motor	Muscles and movements associated with the mouth and face related to eating, drinking or speaking.	
Aspiration	Inhalation of foreign material like food, liquid or other substances into the airway or lungs e.g., 'went down the wrong pipe'	
Bolus	A soft mass of chewed food	
Indirect interventions/ adjustments	 Caregiver training Bolus modification Specialised equipment Environmental supports and adjustments (West, 2024) 	
Direct interventions/ adjustments	 Swallowing assessment Direct dysphagia interventions Oral motor interventions Sensory-based interventions Systematic desensitization Behavioural interventions 	



(West, 2024) Bolus The alteration of food or liquid characteristics to make it safe and modification easier to swallow (temperature, consistency, volume, size), particularly for people with dysphagia. **IDDSI** Levels The International Dysphagia Diet Standardisation Initiative (IDDSI) framework uses a system of eight levels (0-7) to categorise food textures and drink thickness for individuals with dysphagia (IDDSI. 2025). **Specialised** Refers to tools that are designed for specific or unique tasks. They equipment can be custom made or modified. **Adaptive** Devices or tools designed to help individuals with disabilities or limitations perform daily tasks more easily and independently equipment Environmental Consideration of the eating environment to ensure that a supports and student can be as regulated as possible adjustments Seating adjustments **Malocclusions** Imperfect positioning of the teeth when the jaws are closed.



References:

Babble and Munch. (2025). Circles to Feeding.

Eating and drinking supervision: Policy. (n.d.). Department of Education, Victoria | VIC.GOV.AU | Policy and Advisory Library.

https://www2.education.vic.gov.au/pal/eating-drinking-supervision/policy

Feeding development and difficulties : Feeding difficulties. (n.d.). The Royal

Children's Hospital: The Royal Children's Hospital.

https://www.rch.org.au/feedingdifficulties/difficulties/

West, K. M. (2024). Treating pediatric feeding disorders and dysphagia:

Evidence-based interventions for school-based clinicians. *Language, Speech,*

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Appendix A: Peninsula Specialist College Tier 1 Mealtime routine checklist

Teacher implemented Tier 1: Whole school/ all students		
Student:		
Class/ Teacher:		
Date:		
Completed by:		
Communication support: Access to aided language display mealtime placemat Access to AAC Conversation		
Support to access meals: support taking lunchbox from bag support unzipping or opening lunchbox hydration reminders/ offer drink bottle support opening packaging		
Support preparing food Cutting up food Microwave Toaster		
Hygiene and self care: Prompt to wash hands/ face before mealtime Prompt to wash hands/ face after mealtime Support to wash hands/ face		
Organisation: support to pack support to put pack support to wash support to clean	ackaging in the bin dishes	





Appendix B: Peninsula Specialist College Tier 2 Mealtime support document

	Student:	
	Class/ teacher:	
	Date:	
	Review date:	
[Student photo]	Created by:	
	Summary of situation/ goal	
Type/Aims of support		
Prior to snack/lunch		
During snack/lunch		
Following snack/lunch		



Appendix C: Choking First Aid

The supplementary file *Choking First Aid* includes a digital file of guidelines around Choking First Aid prepared by Peninsula Specialist College nursing team.



Appendix D: Student Health Support Plan

The supplementary file *Student Health Support Plan* includes a digital file of a Student Health Support Plan Template provided by the Department of Education.



Appendix E: Peninsula Specialist College Multi-Tiered Systems of Support Checklist

The supplementary file *MTSS Checklist* includes a digital file of a checklist of Tier 1, 2 and 3 wellbeing supports offered at Peninsula Specialist College created by the wellbeing team.